# The ishka View

# Ishka+ - China Briefing - Airlines and Metal June 2021

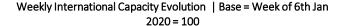
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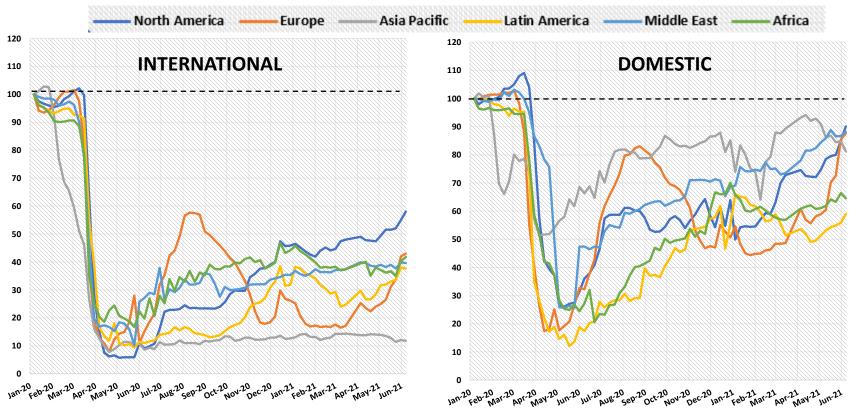
Analyst

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# **Airline capacity – a Volatile Recovery**



Weekly Domestic Capacity Evolution | Base = Week of 6th Jan 2020 = 100

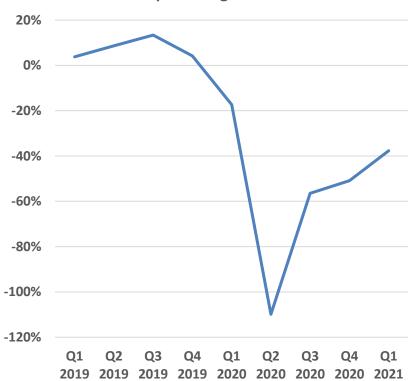


Source: OAG Data & Ishka Calculations.

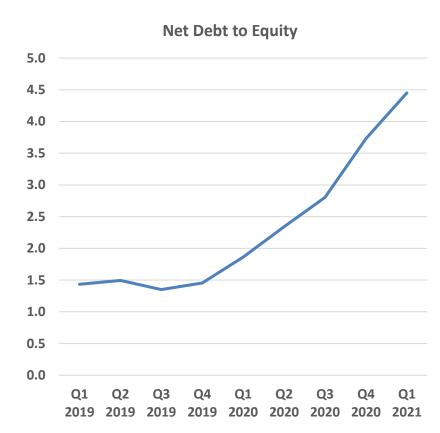


# Losses continue equity continues to deteriorate & debt levels continue to rise

#### **EBIT** as a percentage of Revenues



Source: Bloomberg, Airline Credit Profiles and Ishka Calculations. Sample Size – 58 airlines

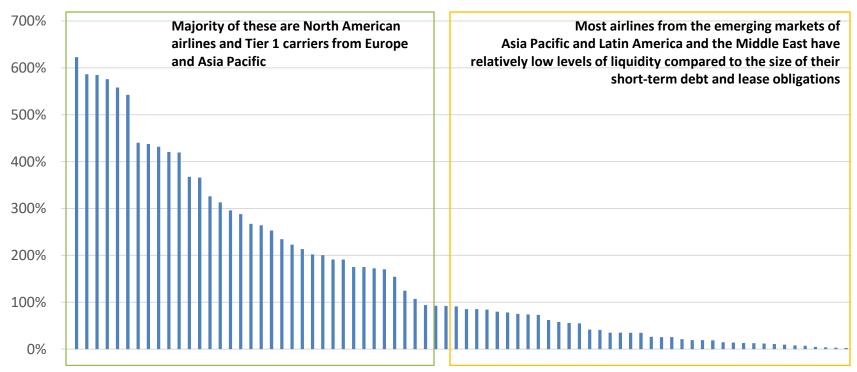


Source: Bloomberg, Airline Credit Profiles and Ishka Calculations. Sample Size – 58 airlines

# Liquidity levels up but not evenly

#### **Critical factor to cover further revenue disruptions**

Cash as a percentage of Short-Term Debt and Lease Obligations as of end of 2020



Source: Bloomberg, Airline Credit Profiles and Ishka Calculations. Sample Size – 77 airlines. As of end of 2020



## **Aircraft Market Values**

#### **Declines reflect current overcapacity and demand issues**

Decline in MARKET VALUE since Jan 2020					
5 year old Widebody		5 year old Na	5 year old Narrowbody		
B787-8	-33%	B737-800	-17%		
A330-300	-36%	A321-200	-20%		
B777-300ER	-38%	E190LR	-30%		
10 year old Widebody		10 year old N	10 year old Narrowbody		
A330-200	-48%	A320-200	-18%		
B777-300ER	-49%	B737-900ER	-22%		
B777-200ER	-54%	E190LR	-35%		
15 year old Widebody		15 year old N	15 year old Narrowbody		
B777-300ER	-46%	CRJ900	-24%		
B777-200ER	-51%	A321-200	-27%		
A380	-51%	B737-700	-33%		

#### Less impacted:

- Younger aircraft
- In Production types
- Narrowbody aircraft

China fleet of 4,122 aircraft includes:

1,193 B737-800s

797 A320ceo

335 A321ceo

291 A320Neo

129 A330-300

83 B787-9

73 B777-300ER



### **Aircraft Market Lease Rates**

### **Declines reflect current overcapacity and demand issues**

#### **Decline in MARKET LEASE RATE since Jan 2020**

5 year old Widebody		5 year old Nar	5 year old Narrowbody	
A350-900	-26%	A320-200	-28%	
B787-8	-35%	B737-800	-31%	
A330-300	-47%	E190LR	-32%	
10 year old Widebody		10 year old Na	10 year old Narrowbody	
B767-300Er	-29%	A321-200	-37%	
A330-300	-39%	B737-800	-40%	
B777-200ER	-41%	Dash 8 Q400	-49%	
15 year old Widebody		15 year old Na	15 year old Narrowbody	
A330-200	-25%	CRJ900	-31%	
B777-300ER	-38%	A320-200	-39%	
A380	-45%	B737-800	-48%	

#### Less impacted:

- Younger aircraft
- Freighter aircraft

China fleet of 4,122 aircraft includes:

1,193 B737-800s

797 A320ceo

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## **China Market Specifics - Airlines**

- Domestic market recovery
- Profitable at EBITDAR level
- Younger fleet=lower market disruption=relatively less impairment/restructuring losses (except select airlines)
- Return to positive CFO in Q2 2020 and for subsequent quarters, however, below prepandemic levels
- Volatile situation makes it challenging for sustained CF recovery
- International segment non-existent
- Important for the large carriers
- Increased competition on the domestic segment LCCs making inroads
- Although Q1 2021 disruption was short-lived, it was enough to cause sizeable losses
- High leverage is a concern
- Sizeable short-term debt and lease commitments
- Credit facilities available and established relations with local financial institutions
- New equity issuances planned



### **Near term outlook**

#### **Airlines**

- Summer 2021 key to determining global airline performance in 2021
- Vaccination programmes are positively reducing localised restrictions
- Big improvements in domestic capacity, but actual traffic recovery not as quick
- International capacity and traffic still massively disrupted
- Outbreaks in Asia a concern
- Belly Cargo traffic has growing potential to influence passenger networks and routes
- Fundamental desire to travel = pent-up demand, particularly in Asia Pacific / Europe
- Leisure airlines and large domestic markets more favourably positioned
- Volatility in earnings likely to continue Crisis remains ongoing recent developments have highlighted that any recovery in the short-term remains highly fragile
- As such question marks on ability to generate sustained free cash flow for the year
- There are sizeable debt and lease obligations to service
- Increased competition as FSC/network carriers adjust their business towards VFR/leisure segment e.g. LH
   60% increase in leisure destinations

#### **Aircraft and Financing**

- Values and Lease Rates have continued to decline in 2021 leading to accounting impairments but also to start-up and re-fleeting opportunities
- Thousands of aircraft remain 'in limbo' return to service or permanent retirement?



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